

TITLE OF THE INVENTION

[0001] NEUTRAL ELECTRODE FOR HF SURGERY

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED U.S. APPLICATIONS

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Not applicable.

STATEMENT REGARDING FEDERALLY SPONSORED

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RESEARCH OR DEVELOPMENT

Not applicable.

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REFERENCE TO MICROFICHE APPENDIX

Not applicable.

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FIELD OF THE INVENTION

[0001] The invention relates to a neutral electrode for HF surgery according to the precharacterizing clause of Claim 1, and to a conductive gel according to Claim 12.

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[0002] This application is a section 371 of International Application No. PCT/EP2005/001712, filed on February 18, 2005, which was published in the German language on September 22, 2005, under International Publication No. WO 2005/087124 A1 and the disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

30 The present invention relates to a neutral electrode for HF surgery and to a conductive gel for use with such a neutral electrode.

[0003] **[0002]** When employing neutral electrodes care should always be taken to keep the contact resistance between the skin and the electrode apposed thereto from becoming too high, so as

to prevent excessive warming of the human tissue by a flowing HF treatment current. High contact resistances occur primarily in patients with extremely dry skin, in adipose patients because of the high fat content of the tissue, or in some cases of very hairy skin, when the dense hairs prevent complete contact between electrode and skin. The hairs can easily be removed by shaving. To deal 5 with the problems of dry skin or adipose tissue, however, is distinctly more difficult. In order to prevent severe warming or even burning of the human tissue, therefore, the customary neutral electrodes have large surface areas, which counteract high current densities. Often several electrodes are employed in order to enlarge the effective area and thus reduce the current density.

10 **[0004]** ~~[0003]~~—The reduction of contact resistance, in particular when there are problematic skin and/or tissue conditions, can often be accomplished only by the use of multiple electrodes or by making an electrode larger. However, this increases the costs and furthermore makes it more difficult to manipulate the electrodes.

BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

15 **[0005]** ~~[0004]~~—It is ~~the objective~~ an object of the invention to ~~develop~~ provide a neutral electrode ~~of the kind cited at the outset further in such a way that, in for~~ HF surgery for ~~particular in the case of~~ use with patients with problematic skin and/or tissue conditions, ~~by~~ a reduction of the contact resistance is made possible in a simple and economical manner, ~~as well as~~ and to disclose ~~provide~~ an electrically conductive gel for use in the application of the neutral electrode.

20 **[0006]**

[0007] ~~[0005]~~—This objective is achieved by a neutral electrode according to Claim 1 and by a conductive gel according to Claim 12.

25 **[0008]** ~~[0006]~~—In particular, this objective is achieved by According to the invention a neutral electrode for HF surgery ~~that~~ comprises at least one electrically conductive section that can be brought into contact with a ~~section~~ portion of a patient's body, and also comprises means for promoting blood circulation, which enhance blood flow at least within the ~~section~~ portion of the body that makes contact with this electrode section.

30 **[0009]** ~~[0007]~~—The objective is further achieved by Also according to the invention there is provided a conductive gel ~~with which to apply~~ for use in the application of a neutral electrode to a body section of a patient, ~~such that~~ wherein the conductive gel comprises capsaicin or a similar substance that promotes blood circulation.

[0010] {0008} ~~An essential point~~**A basis** of the invention resides in the fact that the insulating action of the tissue surrounding the blood vessels is reduced by blood flow through the finest capillaries. This enhanced flow can be achieved by using an appropriately configured neutral electrode and/or a gel that can be put onto the neutral electrode just before it is used. The conductive gel that contains the circulation-promoting agent and can, for example, be applied from a tube is available for all kinds of electrodes.

[0011] {0009}—The at least one electrically conductive section of the neutral electrode in a preferred embodiment is coated with a conductive gel. As a result, the contact between electrode and skin is ensured.

10 **[0012]** {0010}—Preferably the circulation-promoting means comprise a substance that contains a circulation-promoting agent. Because the tissue surrounding the blood vessels in principle has insulating properties, these can be counteracted when there is a high degree of blood flow through the tissue. With the help of the circulation-promoting substance, therefore, the contact resistance is reduced. This is advantageous in particular in the case of patients with dry skin and/or 15 with adipose tissue below the skin.

[0013] {0011}—In another preferred embodiment the at least one electrically conductive section of the neutral electrode is coated with the substance containing the circulation-promoting agent. As a result, the region of the body section that receives enhanced blood flow is precisely the region crucial for the contact resistance, namely the tissue that is covered by the electrically 20 conductive section.

[0014] {0012}—Preferably the conductive gel contains the substance that includes the circulation-promoting agent. In this embodiment the increase of blood circulation can be obtained in a particularly simple and economical manner. The neutral electrode to which the conductive gel containing the circulation-promoting substance has already been applied is used in the same way as 25 conventional neutral electrodes. The improved current conductivity between tissue and electrode can thus be achieved without any great effort, with no need for any special or even additional measures to be taken by the operating-theatre personnel.

[0015] {0013}—In one possible implementation of the neutral electrode, the substance comprising the circulation-promoting agent is contained in the carrier material that encloses the at 30 least one electrically conductive section. Often the electrically conductive sections of the neutral electrode are attached to the corresponding body section by adhesion, in which case the section is surrounded, e.g., by self-adhesive material. The circulation-promoting agent contained in the carrier

material then enters the tissue covered by the neutral electrode immediately after the neutral electrode has been applied to the relevant section of the patient's body. The size of the carrier material can be adapted to the amount of agent required; for example, it may have a larger area than is the case for conventional electrodes. Incorporation of the agent into the carrier material is

5 particularly useful when neutral electrodes are not delivered with the conductive gel, but must instead be provided with the gel by the operating-theatre personnel immediately before use. Furthermore, the substance containing the agent cannot be accidentally removed, as can easily happen to gel layers when they are contacted by chance. Hence it is ensured that agent is always present in its entirety.

10 **[0016]** ~~{0014}~~—In another advantageous embodiment of the neutral electrode in accordance with the invention the circulation-promoting means comprise elements that supply a stimulating current, for instance electrically conductive sections. In this case circulation through the part of the patient's body covered by the neutral electrode is enhanced by this electrical current. This is particularly advantageous for patients who exhibit allergic reactions to circulation-promoting 15 chemicals. In the case of re-usable neutral electrodes, furthermore, the employment of a stimulus current is a simple and economical means of enhancing blood flow and thus keeping the contact resistance between skin and electrode low, or even reducing it.

20 **[0017]** ~~{0015}~~—It is further provided as one of the preferred embodiments that the elements conducting the stimulus current are disposed so that the stimulus current flows between at least two sections within the neutral electrode. It is advantageous that the conventional neutral electrode can thus be used to transmit the stimulus current. With this embodiment no additional components are required at the neutral electrode. As a result, the circulation is enhanced in the most simple and economical manner.

25 **[0018]** ~~{0016}~~—In another preferred embodiment, the solution in accordance with the invention provides that the elements supplying the stimulus current comprise separate electrical connecting devices by way of which a current source is connected. The advantage here is that the stimulus current can be supplied independently of the high-frequency generator, for instance by means of a supplementary current source.

30 **[0019]** ~~{0017}~~—Alternatively or in addition it is possible for the stimulus current to be supplied by way of two further electrodes that have been embedded in the carrier material and additional conductor leads that have likewise been embedded in the carrier material. In this case, again, the carrier material could, e.g., have a larger area than that found in conventional neutral

electrodes. Then the supply of stimulus current is advantageously entirely independent of whether the electrodes are in use.

[0020] [0019]—Another preferred embodiment provides that the circulation-promoting means comprise heatable elements. For this purpose the carrier material comprises, on a side that faces 5 away from the skin, fixation means such as snap fasteners or Velcro strips to retain a heat-storing element, e.g. in the form a gel cushion. The blood flow can thus advantageously be promoted efficiently and in an extremely skin-friendly manner.

[0021] [0019]—In another preferred embodiment the circulation-promoting means comprise elements that can be heated by a direct supply of energy, for instance resistance or heating wires that 10 have been incorporated into the carrier material and are provided with appropriate connector devices. For this purpose the carrier material is preferably designed with a larger area than that of a standard electrode. Connection to the heating device is easily performed, so that promotion of blood flow can be simply and rapidly accomplished.

[0022] [0020] ~~Other embodiments of the~~ The invention will be apparent from 15 the subordinate claims. [0021] ~~In the following the invention is described with reference to exemplary embodiments, which are explained in greater detail~~ now be described by way of example with reference to the attached drawings, wherein,

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE SEVERAL VIEWS OF THE DRAWINGS

20 **[0023]** The foregoing summary, as well as the following detailed description of the invention, will be better understood when read in conjunction with the appended drawings. For the purpose of illustrating the invention, there are shown in the drawings embodiments which are presently preferred. It should be understood, however, that the invention is not limited to the precise arrangements and instrumentalities shown.

25 **[0024]** In the drawings:

[0025] [0022] Fig. 1 is a drawing an end elevation of a first embodiment of the invention, neutral electrode for HF surgery showing the side that faces the skin;

[0026] [0023] Fig. 2 is a drawing an end elevation of a second embodiment of the invention, neutral electrode for HF surgery showing the side that faces the skin;

30 **[0027]** [0024] Fig. 3 is a drawing an end elevation of a third embodiment of the invention, neutral electrode for HF surgery showing the side that faces the skin;

[0028] {0025}—Fig. 4 is a ~~drawing~~ an end elevation of a fourth embodiment of the invention, neutral electrode for HF surgery showing the side that faces away from the skin;

[0029] {0026}—Fig. 5 is a ~~drawing~~ an end elevation of a fifth embodiment of the invention, neutral electrode for HF surgery showing the side that faces away from the skin.

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DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

[0030] {0027}—In the following description, the same reference numerals are used for identical parts or parts with identical actions.

[0031] {0028}—These illustrations of exemplary embodiments show neutral electrodes 1 with an equipotential ring that forms a region with electrically conductive sections 2". It should, however, 10 be pointed out that the present invention is applicable to every kind of electrode, in particular conventional electrodes without an equipotential ring.

[0032] {0029}—Figure 1 shows a first embodiment of the invention, with sections 2, 2' and 2" and corresponding connector devices 5. The surface shown here is the one facing the skin. The 15 sections 2, 2' and 2" are here placed on a carrier material 3, and a substance 4 containing a circulation-promoting agent has been applied to the electrically conductive sections 2, 2' and 2" of the neutral electrode 1.

[0033] {0030}—Neutral electrodes are often manufactured in such a way that a conductive gel that is needed for the contact between electrode and human tissue and has already been applied to the electrically conductive sections. It is then advantageous for this gel additionally to incorporate 20 the substance 4 containing the circulation-promoting agent, so that the neutral electrode 1 can be put into position with no special effort, in particular without any additional step in the work of the operating personnel. The application of the gel containing the circulation-promoting substance 4 to the electrically conductive sections 2, 2' and 2" guarantees that when the electrode 1 is in use, blood flow will be optimal precisely in those parts of a patient's body through which the current is flowing 25 back to the neutral electrode 1. On one hand, the gel causes the electrode 1 to be uniformly apposed to the tissue, while on the other hand it conducts the current and thus produces a suitable contact resistance during the operation. The circulation-promoting substance 4 reinforces the effect of the gel and helps to lower the contact resistance.

[0034] {0031}—Alternatively it is possible to apply to the electrically conductive sections 2, 2' 30 and 2" only the substance 4, which contains the circulation-promoting agent. This possibility is applicable, for example, when no conductive gel is to be used during employment of the electrode 1.

[0035] {0032}—Figure 2 shows a second embodiment of the neutral electrode 1, in which the substance 4 containing the circulation-promoting agent is applied to the carrier material 3 of the neutral electrode 1, i.e. the material comprising the electrically conductive sections 2, 2' and 2". Again, a side that faces towards the skin is shown here.

5 **[0036]** {0033}—As soon as the carrier material 3 comes into contact with the skin, the agent diffuses into the tissue and exerts its warming and/or circulation-promoting effect. To optimize blood flow through the skin underlying the neutral electrode 1, one possibility is to provide both the electrically conductive sections 2, 2' and 2" and the carrier material 3 with the relevant substance 4. Especially in the case of adipose patients, an adequate blood circulation can thus be obtained.

10 **[0037]** {0034}—A third embodiment of the invention is shown in Fig. 3. Again, a side facing towards the skin is represented. This embodiment allows a stimulus current to be introduced into the human tissue covered by the neutral electrode 1, for which purpose the sections 2, 2' are designed as elements to supply the stimulus current. This embodiment exhibits both the conventional connector devices 5 of the sections 2, 2' disposed on the carrier material 3 and also additional connector devices 6.

15 **[0038]** {0035}—The stimulus current can thus be supplied by way of the electrically conductive sections 2, 2' and the connector devices 5 of the sections 2, 2', which are already present, or also by way of separate connector devices 6. The connector devices 6 enable current to be supplied from a current source independent of a HF generator. It is also possible to provide 20 supplementary conductive sections (not shown) that serve exclusively to transmit the stimulus current. Then additional, supplementary connector devices should be provided for the supplementary sections. The promotion of blood flow by means of a stimulus current is preferable, for example, when patients exhibit allergic reactions to particular circulation-promoting chemicals.

25 **[0039]** {0036}—Figure 4 shows a fourth embodiment of the neutral electrode 1, as seen from the side that faces away from the skin. The carrier material 3 that holds the sections 2, 2', 2" here comprises fixing devices 7 for the fixation of heatable and heat-storing elements 8, for instance counterparts of snap or Velcro fasteners. The carrier material 3 is therefore enlarged in this embodiment.

30 **[0040]** {0037}—The element 8, e.g. a gel cushion, can be attached to the electrode 1 while in a warm state prior to the operation, and then gradually release the stored heat. While this occurs, the neutral electrode 1 can be covered by the elements 8 either completely or only partially. Partial

covering is advisable when the view should not be obstructed, because visual monitoring of the contact between electrode and body section is necessary.

[0041] [0038]—Figure 5 shows a fifth embodiment of the invention, again representing the side that faces away from the skin. The neutral electrode here comprises an element 9 that can be 5 heated by a direct supply of energy, with connector devices 6a. Warming of the skin tissue in this case is brought about by resistor wires or heating wires 9 that are incorporated into the carrier material 3 and enclose the sections 2, 2' and 2".

[0042] [0039]—Depending on the intended application, a combination of various circulation-promoting means is to be recommended in order to minimize the contact resistance between tissue 10 and electrode, in particular also in adipose patients.

[0043]

[0044] [0040] At this juncture it should be pointed out that all of the parts described above are claimed as essential to the invention, individually or in any combination, in particular the details shown in 15 the drawings. Modifications thereof are familiar to a person skilled in the art.

[0045] [0041]—List of reference numerals

[0046] 1 Neutral electrode

[0047] 2, 2', 2" Electrically conductive section

20 [0048] 3 Carrier material

[0049] 4 Substance containing a circulation-promoting agent

[0050] 5 Connector devices

[0051] 6 Connector devices

[0052] 6a Connector devices

25 [0053] 7 Fixing device

[0054] 8 Warmable elements

[0055] 9 Heatable elements

[0056] It will be appreciated by those skilled in the art that changes could be made to the 30 embodiments described above without departing from the broad inventive concept thereof. It is understood, therefore, that this invention is not limited to the particular embodiments disclosed, but it is intended to cover modifications within the spirit and scope of the present invention as defined by the appended claims.

CLAIMS

I claim:

1. 1. (Currently Amended) Neutral electrode for HF surgery, comprising at least one electrically conductive section (2), ~~which can be brought into adapted to~~ 5 contact with a ~~section~~portion of a patient's body, ~~characterized in that the neutral electrode (1) comprises and comprising a circulation-promoting means that adapted to~~ enhance blood flow at least through ~~the~~said body section ~~that is~~portion in contact with ~~the~~said section (2).
2. 2. (Currently Amended) Neutral electrode according to Claim 1, ~~characterized in that~~ 10 ~~the at least one~~wherein ~~said~~ section (2) is coated with a conductive gel to improve the contact between ~~the at least one~~said section (2) and ~~the section~~said portion of the patient's body.
3. 3. (Currently Amended) Neutral electrode according to Claim 1 or 2, ~~characterized in that the~~1, wherein ~~said~~ circulation-promoting means ~~comprise~~comprises a substance (4) that 15 contains a circulation-promoting agent.
4. 4. (Currently Amended) Neutral electrode according to one of the preceding claims, ~~in particular according to Claim 3~~or 4, ~~characterized in that the~~2 wherein ~~said~~ section (2) is coated with ~~the~~said substance (4) that contains ~~the~~said circulation-promoting agent.
5. 5. (Currently Amended) Neutral electrode according to one of the preceding claims, ~~in particular according to Claim 3 or 4~~or 5, ~~characterized in that the~~2 wherein ~~said~~ gel 20 incorporates ~~the~~a substance (4) that contains ~~the~~a circulation-promoting agent.
6. 6. (Currently Amended) Neutral electrode according to one of the preceding claims, ~~in particular according to Claim 3 to 5~~or 6, ~~characterized in that~~Claim 1, wherein a carrier material (3) ~~for holding the~~adapted to hold said conductive section 25 incorporates ~~the~~a substance (4) that contains ~~the~~a circulation-promoting agent.
7. 7. (Currently Amended) Neutral electrode according to one of the preceding claims, ~~characterized in that the~~Claim 1, wherein ~~said~~ circulation-promoting means comprise elements (2, 2') that supply a stimulus current.

8. 8. (Currently Amended) Neutral electrode according to one of the preceding claims, in particular according to Claim 7, characterized in that the Claim 7, comprising a plurality of said electrically conductive sections and wherein said elements that supply the said stimulus current are disposed in such a way that the said stimulus current flows between 5 at least two of said sections (2, 2') within the neutral electrode (1).

9. 9. (Currently Amended) Neutral electrode according to one of the preceding claims, in particular according to one of the claims 7 or 8, characterized in that the Claims 7, wherein said elements that supply the stimulus current comprise separate electrical connector devices (6) for connection to a current source.

10. 10. (Currently Amended) Neutral electrode according to one of the preceding claims, characterized in that the Claim 1, wherein said circulation-promoting means ~~comprise~~ comprises warmable elements (8).

11. (Currently Amended) Neutral electrode according to Claim 1, wherein said 11. Neutral electrode according to one of the preceding claims, characterized in that the circulation-promoting means ~~comprise~~ comprises elements (9) that can be are heated by supplying a direct supply of energy directly thereto.

12. 12. (Currently Amended) Conductive gel for use in the application of a neutral electrode to a section portion of a patient's body, containing at least one of capsaicin or and a similar means for promoting agent that promotes blood circulation.

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

[0057] The invention relates to a neutral electrode for HF surgery and to an electrically conductive gel. The neutral electrode comprises at least one electrically conductive section that can 5 be brought into contact with a section of a patient's body. ~~This neutral electrode is further developed with the aim of enabling~~ In order to enable the contact resistance to be reduced in a simple and economical manner, in particular in cases of problematic skin and/or tissue conditions. ~~For this purpose,~~ the neutral electrode comprises circulation-promoting means that enhance blood flow through the section of the body that is in contact with this electrode 10 section. The invention also relates to a conductive gel for application of a neutral electrode to a section of a patient's body ~~that~~ contains capsaicin or similar means for promoting circulation.